Numb. 188.

THE Pennſylvania GAZETTE.

Containing the freſheſt Advices Foreign and Domeſtick.

From Monday, June 26. to Monday, July 3. 1732.

The Humble ADDRESS of the Council, in Aſſembly, to the Hon. *William Gooch*, Eſq; His Majeſty's Lieutenant Governour and Commander in Chief of the Colony and Dominion of *Virginia*.

SIR,

IT is with the greateſt Pleaſure, that we, His Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Council of this His Colony, now met in General Aſſembly, return you our moſt ſincere Thanks for your affectionate Speech at the Opening of this Seſſion.

The Law for amending the Staple of Tobacco, was framed on ſuch honeſt and juſt Principles, and is ſo well adapted to retrieve our decayed Trade, that the Oppoſition it has met with at Home, we are apprehenſive muſt have proceeded from a Want of Knowledge of our unhappy Circumſtances, and the inevitable Neceſſity of reforming the Abuſes in the Management of our Staple.

But, if it hath received a more violent Oppoſition here, from Men, who have been long accuſtomed to the vile Practice of deceiving their Neighbours by falſe-pack'd and unmerchantable Tobacco, this ought to be no Diſcouragement to its future Execution; nor ſhould the publick Good of the Country be obſtructed by the Clamours of a few deluded People, whoſe late vain and impotent Attempts are deteſted by every one who hath at Heart the true Intereſt of his Country.

As for us, we are fully perſuaded we cannot better recommend ourſelves to the Favour of our moſt gracious Sovereign, nor demonſtrate our Regard to the mutual Intereſts of our Mother Country, and this Colony, than by purſuing ſuch Meaſures as tend to the ſecuring His Majeſty's Intereſt in his Cuſtoms, affording a valuable Commodity for ſupplying the Britiſh and foreign Markets (the ſureſt Means of enlarging the Britiſh Trade) and the recovering to the honeſt Induſtrious Planter a ſuitable Return for his Labour.

And, as theſe were the Ends propoſed, and we hope will ſtill prove the happy Effects of this Law, ſo we muſt declare our Opinion, that the pooreſt Planter hath his Intereſt equally, if not more abundantly advanced by it, than thoſe of more plentiful Fortunes, who are far from repining at the ſacrificing part of their private Profits to the publick Good.

We beg leave to aſſure you, Sir, that we ſhall readily concur in all Meaſures that ſhall be found expedient, for facilitating the Lading and Diſpatch of the Ships, and rendering the Execution of this Law more eaſy and agreeable. And, ſince by your Clemency to Offenders, you have already ſileno'd thoſe, whom Reaſon could not perſuade; we doubt not the Conſideration of their own Intereſt ſtill growing more viſible, under the juſt and prudent Regulations, will ſoon diſſipate all Diſcontent and Oppoſition.

In theſe, and all other Matters for the publick Service, we ſhall contribute our utmoſt Endeavours, with a Zeal becoming the Duty of good Subjects and faithful Servants of the beſt of Sovereigns, and with that Regard which is due to your Honour's mild and prudent Adminiſtration.

His Honour's ANSWER.

Gentlemen,

I Heartily thank you for this kind Addreſs: Such a Concurrence of your Endeavours to ſupport and render the Tobacco Law eaſy and agreeable to the Trade, as well as the People, will, I doubt not, have an happy Influence to remove all Prejudice againſt it, and enable me, when thus aſſiſted, more effectually to promote His Majeſty's Service, and the Proſperity of this Colony.

May 20. 1732.

The Humble ADDRESS of the Houſe of *Burgeſſes*.

SIR,

WE His Majeſty's moſt loyal and dutiful Subjects, the Repreſentatives of the People of this Colony, now met in Aſſembly, do ſincerely return you our hearty Thanks, for your kind Speech to the Council and this Houſe; but more eſpecially for the great Care and Pains you have

have taken, in Supporting the Act paſſed at our laſt Seſſion for improving the Staple of Tobacco, againſt all the Oppoſition it has met with in Great Britain: *Wherein we are ſurpriſed to find any There ſeeming to be affected with a greater Tenderneſs for the poor Planters, than the whole Legiſlature of this Colony, and accuſing our Body of a Deſign to oppreſs them; when no Hardſhip or Inconvenience can poſſibly be laid upon Them, which will not be felt by Us, in a greater Degree: But it is Matter of great Conſolation to us, that this Imputation has made no Impreſſion upon His Sacred Majeſty, whoſe Wiſdom and Juſtice is very conſpicuous, in leaving us to be juſtified by Experience: And we perſuade ourſelves, that, as the wretched and deplorable State of the Tobacco Trade, made it neceſſary for us to put it under ſome Regulation, no better Expedients can be propoſed, than deſtroying that which is not fit to be ſold in any Market in the World; and preventing by a careful Inſpection, the many Frauds that have manifeſtly contributed to reduce that Commodity to ſo low a Price, as cannot defray the Expence of making it: And we flatter ourſelves, that all reaſonable Men will be convinced, from the ſhort Experience they have had of the Honeſty and Impartiality of Thoſe who are intruſted with the Execution of this Law, that theſe Ends will in a great Meaſure be attain'd, and the Trade reſtored to ſuch a Condition, as may at leaſt enable us to live by it.*

The late Tumults, which have been raiſed by an inconſiderable Number of ignorant deluded People, who have dared to threaten the Government with open Violence, in the very Subject of Our-

tempt, as well as Abhorrence, and cannot turn us from our juſt Purpoſes, nor diſcourage us to hope for the Continuance of His Majeſty's good Opinion of our Proceedings. Yet we cannot but acknowledge and approve your Prudence and Lenity, after ſuppreſſing thoſe Diſorders by ſingular Diligence and Management, in ſuffering the Offenders to attone for their Boldneſs by a peaceable and ſubmiſſive Deportment, without undergoing any other Puniſhment than the Shame and Reproach of their own Miſdoings.

And we do aſſure you, that we are ſo well diſpoſed to give Satisfaction to every Body, in this important Buſineſs, that nothing ſhall be wanting, on our Parts, to amend whatever may appear the leaſt inconvenient, either to the People here, or the Merchants in Great Britain; *and to remove all juſt Occaſions of Complaint againſt any part of the Law, which we deſire ſo ſincerely to cheriſh and ſupport.*

And, ſeeing we have hitherto ſucceeded very well in all our Conſultations, by Your Aſſiſtance, and the Influence and Credit you have in England; *we beg the Continuance of Your Affection, Zeal, and Vigilance for the Good of this People, ſo happily conducted by your wiſe and unexceptionable Adminiſtration.*

His Honour's ANSWER.

Mr. Speaker, and Gent. of the Houſe of Burgeſſes.

THis Addreſs, for which I heartily thank you, is very agreeable to the Sentiments I have always had of you; and at the ſame Time, that you encourage me to employ my good Offices and Credit in *Great Britain*, for the Service of the People under my Government, I am perſuaded your Conſtancy and Unanimity will ſatisfy thoſe, who deſire to have the ſame Abuſes eſtabliſhed which have heretofore ruined your Trade, that their Hopes are in vain.

Therefore go on with the ſame laudable Reſolution, to promote Honeſty and fair Dealing, in this very important Buſineſs of your Staple; and in Time, I don't doubt, you'll obtain thoſe Praiſes you ſo well deſerve, even from them who now differ from you in Opinion.

May 20. 1732.

To the Printer of the GAZETTE.

SIR,

THE Caſe of Conſcience propos'd to me in your laſt Gazette, does not require much Conſideration to give an Anſwer.

It ſhould ſeem that the Propoſer of that Caſe, is either no Chriſtian, or a very ill inſtructed one; otherwiſe he might eaſily have learnt his Duty from theſe poſitive Laws of Religion, *Thou ſhalt not commit Adultery: Return not Evil for Evil, but repay Evil with Good.* But ſuppoſing him to be one who would make *Reaſon* the Rule of his Actions, I am of Opinion he will find himſelf wholly unjuſtifiable in ſuch a Proceeding; when he conſiders That it is a Breach of the Laws of his Country, which every reaſonable Man knows he ought to obſerve: That it is making himſelf Judge in his own Cauſe, which all allow to be unreaſonable: And, that ſuch Practices can produce no Good to Society, but great Confuſion and Diſturbance among Mankind.

The Philoſopher ſaid, with Regard to an Affront which he was urg'd to revenge, *If an Aſs kicks me, ſhould I kick him again?* So may the injured Man of Prudence and Virtue ſay, 'If a Fool has made himſelf wicked and vi-'cious, and has prevailed with an honeſt Wo-'man to become as bad as himſelf; ſhould I 'alſo make my ſelf wicked and vicious, and 'corrupt another honeſt Woman, that I may 'be even, or upon a Level, with him?

I am your Friend,

The CASUIST.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

Extract of a Letter from Vienna, *March* 4.

THE News we receive from Italy, is by no means agreeable to the Imperial Court. Don Carlos begins to talk in a Tone that gives a great deal of Uneaſineſs to the Great Duke, which cannot by any means be pleaſing to the Emperor. That young Prince, inſtructed no doubt, by the Queen of Spain his Mother, inſiſts upon the Title of *ROYAL HIGHNESS*, which

which belongs only to the Great Duke, to whom he does not ſeem inclinable to conform in any one Point, or even Punctilio. He claims the Homage due to a King: He gives Audience covered, and ſitting under a Canopy; and inſiſts that the Cardinals, and the Ambaſſadors of the Princes of Italy, ſhould ſtand uncovered before him; which has diſguſted them to ſuch a Degree, that not a Cardinal has yet demanded Audience; and the Ambaſſadors who have had it, have expreſſed their Diſlike of it. Beſides, the Spaniſh Noblemen of Don Carlos's Retinue, treat thoſe of Italy with Haughtineſs and Contempt; which is hardly to be paſſed over, and has already occaſioned ſeveral Broils. And laſtly, the Spaniſh Soldiers, following the Example of their Maſters and Officers, lord it over the Great Duke's Troops at a ſtrange Rate; which daily breeds Quarrels never to be made up. All this put together, makes ſome People reflect; But -- *ſero ſapiunt Phryges.*

London, March 25. The Spaniards at Panama have lately obliged the South-Sea Company's Factors, who had for ſome Time reſided there, to quit that Place, alledging they had no Right to ſettle there, but at Portobello; and Mr. Johnſon ſo removed, is arrived at Jamaica, to ſend the Company an Account of this Proceeding.

Charlſtown, (South Carolina) *May* 20.

By the ſtrict Obſervance of his Excellency's Orders, in regard to the Prevention of the Spreading of the Small-Pox, ſuch effectual Care has been taken, that (with the Bleſſing of God) there is not, as we can hear of, any one Perſon now ill of that Diſtemper in the whole Province.

The Scooner Charming Molly, John Field, Maſter, bound from hence to Providence, was lately loſt off one of the Bahama Iſlands; the Maſter and Crew were ſaved, and are now in Providence.

Charlſtown, May 27. On the 16th of this Inſtant, one Thomas Coppin, a Lad of about 14 Years of Age, was accidentally kill'd in St. John's Pariſh, by endeavouring to manage a Cow.

On the 18th Inſtant, one John Barr, a Tanner, lately come from Pennſylvania to ſettle here, had the Misfortune to be drown'd in Aſhley River, by overſetting a Canoe in which he was going to fiſh.

At North Ediſto, on Wedneſday Night laſt, Mr. Chriſtopher Dennis was kill'd, by two Men who came lately from Cape Fear; one's Name is Robinſon, who profeſſes ſeveral Buſineſſes, as Butcher, Dancing Maſter, *&c.* the other named Michael Cavino. They having no Money, and Dennis refuſing to let them have more Liquor, they knocked him on the Head with their Gun, and kick'd him on the Stomach, ſo that he died in 4 Hours after. Capt. Rawlins has ſent a Hue and Cry after them, but we do not hear that they are yet taken.

Laſt Thurſday arrived here the Cherokee Company of Indian Traders, who give an Account, that John Golding, Servant to Mr. Gregory Haines, was loſt between the Cherokees and Congorees, with two Horſes; and it is thought by ſome of them he was killed by the Indians.

Charlſtown, June 3. Col. Charlesworth Glover, who has been ſome Months on his Agency in the Creek Nations of Indians, arrived in Town on Thurſday laſt; and hath brought with him Twenty Chiefs of the lower Creeks Tallepooſes, Ookfuskees and Abeekers, Kings and beloved Men of thoſe Nations (and ſeveral Attendants, 41 Men and 5 Women) to pay their Compliments to his Excellency our Governor, who was pleaſed to order the Reception of the ſaid Chiefs in a pompous Manner, by ordering the Troop, who were handſomely mounted, to march about two Miles out of Town, where the Indians waited their coming; At Meeting, Col. Prioleau and the whole Troop, (by Direction of Col. Glover) diſmounted, and took them ſeverally by the Hand, telling 'em they were welcome; when Col. Glover order'd the Linguiſter to acquaint the Indians, that our Governor had ſent out theſe his Head Warriors and Soldiers of the Horſe to meet them, and conduct them ſafe to Town, where in the Council Chamber his Excellency attended to receive them. Then the Troop remounted, and march'd in Order, the Indians following, ſinging in triumphant Manner, with Eagles Tails, *&c.* till they came to the Bowling-Green, where they were receiv'd by Col. Parris, and the Officers, with the Foot-Companies under Arms, who march'd on each ſide of the Indians, being conducted by Col. Parris and Col. Glover, to the Council Chamber, where they were handſomely receiv'd by the Governor and Council: Several Vollies were fired by the Horſe and Foot, and the Cannon in Granvill Baſtion diſcharged at the Drinking the King's Health. We hear they are to have their Audience this Day.

Exported from this Place, ſince Nov. 1. 1731. to June 2. 1732. Rice 31759 Barrels, and 558 Baggs. Pitch 18815. Tar 3520. Turpentine 1041. Whereof 7438 Barrels of Rice, and 558 Baggs ditto, for foreign Markets.

Prices of the following Goods. Rice 42 s. 6 d. per hund. Pitch 40 s. per Bar. Tar 30 s. Turpentine 25 s. per hund. Skins 13 s. 6 d. per pound. Indian Corn 12 s. 6 d. per Buſh. Wine 75 l. per Pipe. Flour 3 l. 5 s. Rum 15 s. per Gallon.

Barbadoes, April 8. On Monday laſt was buried the Corps of Mrs. Hays, who had received above 20 Wounds, 4 of which were mortal, from a worſe than brutiſh Husband. She was big with Child when the execrable Villain perpetrated the bloody and unnatural Fact, and the Child in the Womb received ſeveral Stabs which kill'd it before it came into the World. The Jury brought in both Verdicts Wilful Murder.

BOSTON,

From the Journal of the Honourable House of Representatives.

Veneris, die 9 Junii, A.D. 1732.

GEORGE R.

Additional Instruction.

To our trusty and well-beloved *Jonathan Belcher*, Esq; our Captain General and Commander in Chief of our Province of the *Massachusetts Bay* in *America*; and in his Absence to our Commander in Chief, or to the President of our Council of our said Province for the time being. Given at our Court at St. *James's*, the 10th Day of *December* 1731. In the fifth Year of our Reign.

WHereas Acts have been passed in some of our Plantations in *America*, for laying Duties on the Importation and Exportation of Negroes, to the Discouragement of the Merchants trading thither from the Coast of *Africa*; and whereas Acts have likewise been passed for laying Duties on Felons imported, in direct Opposition to an Act of Parliament pass'd in the 14th Year of our late Royal Father's Reign *for the further preventing Robbery, Burglary, and other Felonies, and for the more effectual Transportation of Felons*. It is our Will and Pleasure, that you do not give your Assent to, or pass any Law imposing Duties upon Negroes imported into our Province of the *Massachusetts Bay*, payable by the Importer; or upon any Slaves exported, that have not been sold in our said Province, and continued there for the Space of twelve Months. It is our further Will and Pleasure, that you do not give your Assent to or pass any Act whatsoever for imposing Duties on the Importation of any Felons from this Kingdom into our said Province of the *Massachusetts Bay*.

G. R.

Copy, examin'd per J. Willard, *Secr.*

Custom-House, New-York, June 26. Entred Inwards.

Rivers from Hispaniola, Rosewell from Antigua, Thache and Nealson from Curacoa, Cox from New Providence, Everden from Newfoundland, Griffith from Boston.

Outward Entries, Kierstede for Suranam, Blundel for Lewes on Delaware, Renselear for Philadelphia, Everden for Newfoundland. *Cleared* New to Bristol, Lawrence and Tuckness to Curacoa, Lightfoot to Antigua, Schermerhorn to Boston, Renselear for Philadelphia, Blundel for Lewes on Delaware.

Custom-House, Philadelphia, June 29. *Entred inwards.*

Brigt. Pennsylvania-Hope, John Howel, from Barbadoes.
Brigt. Orange, Charles Edgar, from ditto.
Sloop Catherine & Ann, Duncan Murray, from Maryland.
Sloop Somerset, John Wilson, from ditto.

Entred Outwards.

Ship Garland, Robert Knowlman, for Bristol.
Ship Eliz. & Dorothy, John Reeves, for Barbadoes.
Brigt. Peggy, Ellis Davis, for Madera.
Sloop Dolphin, D. Lightfoot, for Antigua.
Brigt. Philadelphia-Hope, Geo. Spafford, for W. Indies.
Brigt. Pennsylvania-Hope, John Howel, for Antigua.
Scooner Rebecca, J. Sim, for Barbadoes.

Cleared.

Sloop Lovely Hannah, Corn. Kollock, to Newfoundland.
Ship John and Ann, James Shirley, to Barbadoes.
Sloop Trueman, John Cox, to Curacoa.
Scoon. Rebecca, John Sim, to Barbadoes.
Ship Norris, Thomas Lloyd, to ditto.
Snow Johanna, Richard Donavan, to ditto.

Buried in the several Burying-Grounds of this City in a Week past

Church	2.	Baptists		0.
Quakers	1.	Strangers	Whites	1.
Presbyterians	1.		Blacks	1.

Prices of the following Goods, Wheat 2 s. 7 d. Flour 8 s. Midling Bread 12s. Mixt ditto 10 s. Brown ditto 9s Rum 2 s. 4 d. Mellasses 16 d.

Advertisements.

THERE *has been ever since November last*, in the Possession of Enoch Anderson *at the Falls Ferry, a large stray Mare, near 14 Hands high, with neither Earmark nor Brandmark, a natural Pacer; The Owner making his Right appear, may have her again, paying the Charges. The said Anderson has made constant Enquiry, but hitherto with no Effect.*

Dr. GODFREY's GENERAL CORDIAL.

SO *universally approved of for the* Cholick, *and all Manner of* Pains *in the* Bowels; Fluxes, Fevers, Small-Pox, Measles, Rheumatism, Coughs, Colds, *and* Restlesness in Men, Women, *and* Children; *and particularly for several Ailments incident to* Child-bearing Women, *and Relief of young Children in breeding their* Teeth. *Is sold in most Cities, Boroughs and Market Towns in Great Britain and Ireland, and in most publick Streets in London: And also by* Samuel Emlen *near the Market in Philadelphia*, Thomas Mariot *at Bristol*, Joseph Read *at Trentown*, Elizabeth Johnson *at Burlington*, Thomas Mason *at Salem*, Ann Hogg *at New-Castle*, Anthony Shaw *at Chester. Price by the single Bottle* 1 s. 2 d. *and* 1 s. *by the Dozen. The abovesaid* Samuel Emlen *also selleth by Licence*,

Dr. Robert Eaton's BALSAMIC STYPTIC.

This Medicine stops all Bleedings, whether they proceed from Cuts, Stabs, Gun-shot, or any other Wounds whatsoever, and as a Balsam heals up the same without the Help of any other Medicine; it likewise stops all Bleedings at the Nose, bursting of Veins, Bloody Fluxes, or any other Bleedings whatsoever. It keeps its Virtue in all Climates, and for many Years. It is proper to be kept in all Families, especially in Country Places that are remote from Surgeons; being a ready Help at Hand, in the most dangerous Cases. Directions for using it are given with every Bottle.

GOOD *Live-Geese* FEATHERS *sold at the Printer's hereof.*

LOST *about three Weeks since, near this City, a silver headed Cane, mark'd* J. C. *Whoever brings it to the Printer hereof, shall be well rewarded.*

RUN *away July the* 2*d. from* Edmund Farrel, *Skinner and Tanner in* Philadelphia, *a Servant Man named* Alexander Nealson, *aged about* 24 *Years, of middle Stature, smooth fac'd, short curl'd brown Hair: Had on when he went away, an olive-colour'd cloth Coat with small Cuffs, a white dimmity Jacket, Buckskin Breeches with brass Buttons, black Stockings, and good Shoes, and went in Company with a Servant Man belonging to* William Hudson *jun. Whoever secures the said Servant, so that his Master may have him again, shall have* Forty Shillings *Reward, and reasonable Charges paid, by*

Edmund Farrel.

RUN *away on the* 11*th of June, from* Jacob Wright *and* Richard Anderson *of* Whiteland *Township in* Chester County, *two Servant Men; one named* Patrick Burgain, *an Irishman, about* 20 *Years of Age, middle Statured black Hair, dark Eyes, fresh coloured; took with him a brown plain Coat, with large brass Buttons; a new homespun tammey Jacket of a cinnamon colour, Leather Breeches with brass Buttons, homespun Shirts, several Sorts of Stockings, old Shoes, an old Felt Hat. The other named* John Flud, *an Irishman, about* 20 *Years of Age, short siz'd, very thick of Hearing, short black Hair and commonly wears a Cap, has dark Eyes, is of dull Complexion, and down Look; He took away with him a brown Jacket, Leather Breeches, two pair of Trowzers, ozenbrigs Shirts, yarn Stockings, strong Shoes, Felt Hat: He is by Trade a Weaver. Whoever secures the said Servants, so that their Masters may have them again, shall have* Forty Shillings *Reward for each, and reasonable Charges paid, by*

Jacob Wright.
Richard Anderson.

A *Choice Parcel of Glasier's* Diamonds, *and* Window Glass *of different Sorts, by the Box, to be sold, and Looking-Glasses silvered, by* Edward Bradley, *Glasier, near the Coffee-House in Frontstreet, Philadelphia.*

CHOICE Flour of *Mustard-Seed*, in Bottles, very convenient for such as go to Sea; to a little of which if you put hot Water, and stop it up close, you will have strong Mustard, fit to use, in 15 minutes. Sold at the New Printing-Office near the Market, at 1 *s.* per Bot.

☞ *Having this Week received several Answers to the* Riddle *proposed in one of these Papers; I must inform the Answerers, that their Performances are not judg'd so well to deserve the Character,* Good Verse, *as those two publish'd in our last; and of those the Publick generally give the Preference to the latter, which was wrote by a* Female Hand. *However, to gratify my Correspondents, I may possibly insert their several Pieces in my next.*

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by B. FRANKLIN, at the New Printing-Office near the Market. *Price* 10 *s.* a Year.

Where Advertisements are taken in, and BOOK-BINDING is done reasonably, in the best Manner.